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Of the Otalgic state of fever.

I call it a state of fever, for it always attends it in a greater or less degree. It is a common disease among Children, In adults it sometimes accompanies the Influenza; the different kinds of sore throat, and a Salivation.

Its Remedies should be

1 Bleeding 2 purges, 3 Blisters behind the ears - 4 Cotton put into the ear dipped in equal parts of Sweet oil & Lardum, and 5 The smoke of Sugar sprinkled upon Coals conveyed into the ear. If the disease tend to a Suppuration, Cataplasms of bread and onions boiled in milk should be applied over the ear - Bleeding, and



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purges if employed in the early stage of <sup>its</sup> this disease, will generally prevent ~~this~~ ~~suppurating~~, as also the ~~destruction~~ of the tympanum of the ear.

### Of the Aphthous state of fever.

A sore throat, and mouth is never a primary disease when accompanied with fever. It is generally the effect of an effort of nature to relieve herself by depletion. It ~~attends~~ is sometimes a symptom of epidemic fever. Dr Gairinger describes a fever of this kind in Holland. Dr Nasid<sup>n</sup> -ton of Lynn Regis describes an Aphthous sore throat which he calls Canker Aquaticus. - It appears to be form of the fever which is derived from *hoins viciis maritimi* ex- -halations. Children and women are

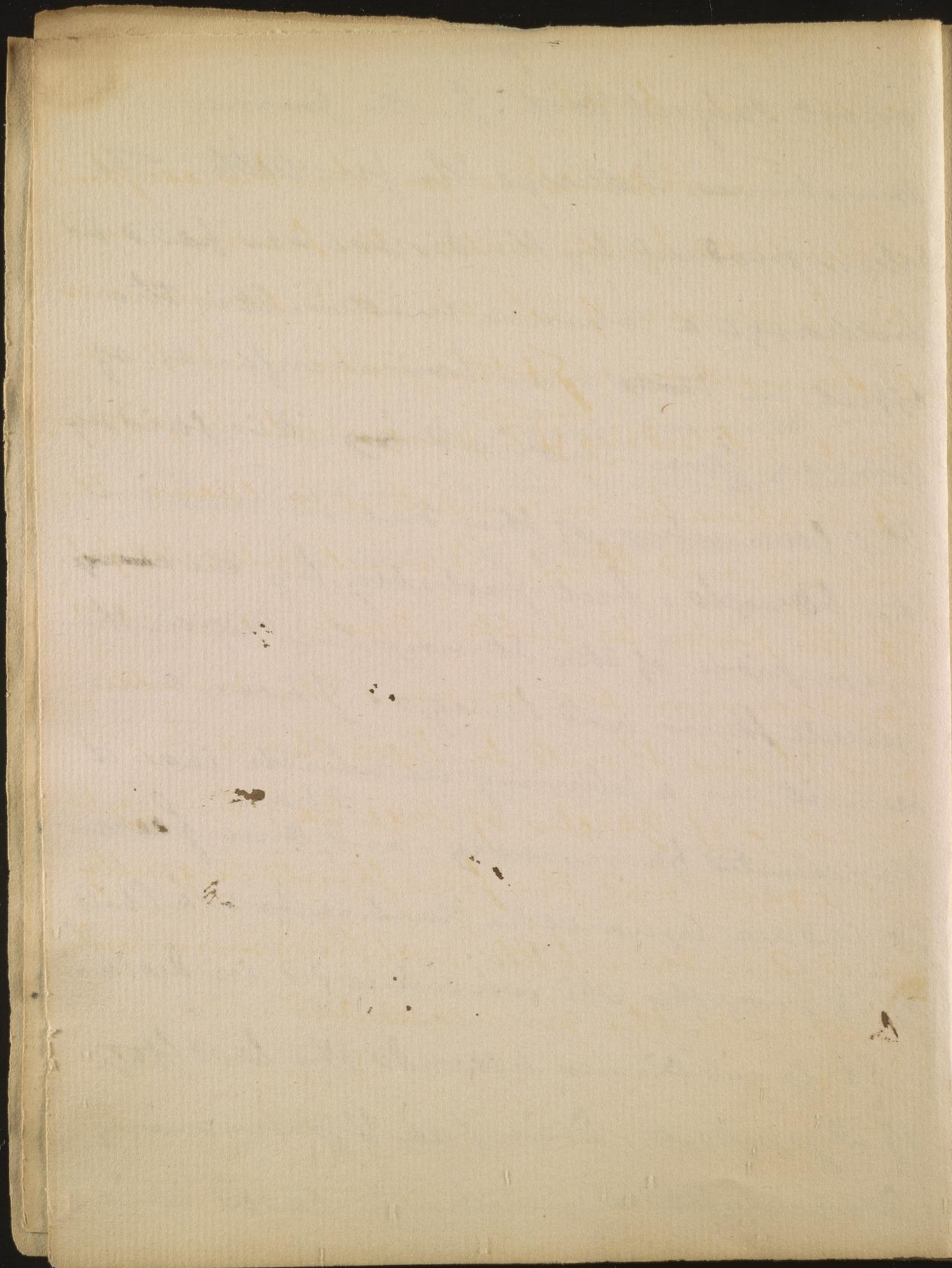


V The Enture which prevailed in  
Philadelphia in the year 1803 ended  
in a low degree of Aptoe in many  
people.



most subject to it. In the former it  
 sometimes destroys the foreteeth. The  
 Ulcers produced by the disease are fatal, &  
 discharge a corrosive matter. It is the  
 effect in ~~this~~ new born infants of  
 general fever induced ~~by~~ it is said by  
 the stimulus of the meconium in  
 the bowels, but probably by the ~~change~~  
 impression of the atmosphere upon their  
 delicate skins and lungs. I have once  
 seen it in a pharynx in which ~~now~~ it  
 terminated favourably, and <sup>I have</sup> once ~~seen~~  
 it induce Cynanche trachealis in a child  
 of 18 months old which ended in death.  
 - It sometimes attends the last stage  
 of Dyspepsia, Diarrhoea & pulmonary  
 Consumption in which cases it is





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uniformly fatal.

The Remedies for this disease should be regulated by the pulse, the season, and the Epidemic of which it is sometimes a Symptom. If the pulse be full or loose: Bleeding <sup>sometimes</sup> & 2 purges will be proper. If nature be incompetent to cleanse the mouth and throat, Calomel will be useful. If the pulse be full, Blood, wine, & Laudanum are proper. The mouth and throat should be kept clean by means of gargles of Sage tea, honey & vinegar, and the fores should be gently touched with a little Mel Rosaceum acidulated with the muriatic acid.



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5  
of the Scrophulous state of fever.

This disease is supposed to be seated exclusively in the ~~lymphatic~~ <sup>lymphatic</sup> glandular parts of the body, but it is certainly connected with the arterial system, and is generally accompanied with more or less fever. It sometimes affects the blood vessels primarily, and the lymphatic glands in a secondary manner as in the jail and yellow fever. It is one of the epidemics of Barbados where it has been ably described by Dr Hervey by the name of the glandular disease. It is taken notice of by Dr Chisholm in his travels through the West Indies in search of proofs of the ~~domestic origin~~ and contagiousness of the yellow fever. It



V Island. This appearance has been ascribed to the great change induced in the atmosphere by the cutting down of the woods. The air has become in consequence of the Island being thus cleared uncommonly dry, which it affects children and persons under puberty chiefly. The predisposition to it is hereditary.

W It is distinguished from Wens, and Schizzi by affecting several parts of the body at the same time, whereas those ~~other~~ tumors are generally solitary.



was unknown in the first settlement of the V  
It affects the glands of the throat, the upper  
lip, nose, the axilla, the breasts, the groins,  
the testicles, the psoas muscles, the knees,  
the eyes and the ears externally, and the  
mesenteric glands, lungs, liver, bladder,  
rectum, uterus, and ovaria internally.  
It occasionally affects the teeth, and all  
the bones of the body in which case it  
has been called the Rickets. It is a very  
common disease in England. It prevails  
very much in marshy countries. This  
is unreachably the case <sup>in</sup> of Lyme Regis,  
near the Lefthore,  
where it has been very ~~long~~ correctly described  
in a small Invenio work by Dr Hall-  
-milton. It is a rare disease in the  
United States - much more so than it  
was 40, or 50 years ago. — V



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I Its remote causes are the same as fe-  
-vers. These are, much insensate, and  
A. 1. exceeding heat,

Barbados according to Dr. Hillary, and these  
we know are derived from the Koiné mixed  
pure water. Dr.

we know are derived from  
-ventilations. 2 Impure water. Dr  
The burden mentions its being induced by  
this course at Rhinns. we are prepared to  
believe this from what has occurred in



V 3 I infer it from its making its  
first appearance in the Spring &  
from its exacerbations occurring  
at that season of the year. This  
is taken notice by Dr Fuller. Now  
the weather in the Spring we know  
favours the production of fevers.



Philadelphia from drinking ~~improper~~ pump  
 water impregnated with the excretions  
 of privies in many parts of the city.  
 This water was justly charged with being  
 one of the remote causes of the yellow  
 fever which prevailed so many years in  
 Philadelphia.

¶ I infer its being a febrile disease from  
 its affecting, like fevers not only all <sup>ages,</sup>  
 colors, and both sexes, also ~~Chaparral~~, but certain  
~~all climates and seasons, but certain~~  
~~domestic animals.~~  
~~domestic animals.~~ It prevails likewise

like fevers in all climates & seasons.  
 It prevails more among children than  
 adults, from the larger size of their hy-  
 perphatic glands in proportion to the size  
 of their bodies. V.

¶ I infer it from its symptoms. These  
 are a hot and cold fit upon its first  
 attack, pain, inflammation, & frequently  
 a febrile pulse - burned teeth, swelled &



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black gums, and from its sometimes like  
fever, inducing sudden death. When it ap-  
-pears in the form of Elephantiasis, it begins  
with a pain in the groin, which extends  
downwards accompanied with redness, &  
followed according to Dr Pinkard with an  
intermittent fever.

5 I infer its being a state of fever from the  
appearance of the blood when drawn in  
it. It is not ery, Dr Henry tells me, but  
this proves only that the fever transcended  
that grade of action which usually pro-  
-duces ~~the~~ ery blood. The absence of this  
size led the doctor to call the disease putrid,  
and to desist from bleeding. Had he repeated  
this remedy, he would probably have  
renewed the blood refers to that grade of  
action in which they create ery blood,



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and thus have cured the disease. —

6 That it is a state of fever I infer from the  
~~effects of the~~ usual termination of the glandular  
~~exophthalmos~~ tumors whether seated internally, or  
 externally. This is, in inflammation,  
 resolution, suppuration, and sometimes  
 in Cancer. It localizes in Cancer more

frequently than tumors in other parts of  
 the body from its being seated in glandular  
 parts, and from its being a disease of the

lymphatic as well as the arterial system.  
 And this I take to be the reason why the disease  
 when it affects the ~~joints~~ knee is so apt to  
 end in a white swelling. Were it simply a  
 disease of the blood vessels it would affect the  
 joints of the knee in the same way as a  
 common Rheumatism. The tumors ~~do~~  
 sometimes contain cysts, and they  
 exhibit when opened not only pus, but



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a matter like lead, Air and Worms.  
 This variety in the contents of these tumors  
 is probably owing to their being the effects  
 of disease in the Lymphatics as well as  
 in the blood vessels. When these tumors  
 degenerate into Cancers, they probably  
 bring the nerves into sympathy. I shall  
 hereafter mention some facts in support  
 of this opinion, and endeavor to show  
 that the Danger and inevitability of Cancers  
 depend upon a morbid state of the nerves.

The promunitory signs of this disease  
 are, a white, swelled and swelled face, a  
 red, hectic, or livid color on ~~one side~~ <sup>the</sup> one  
 or both sides the eyes and nose, pains in  
 the bowels, and unusual Vivacity and  
 intelligence <sup>and above all a tumid upper lip,</sup>  
 and a running <sup>from the eyelids and ears</sup> the Remedies for this disease



V occurring first in the Spring indicates  
its partaking more or less of an  
inflammatory nature.



have hitherto being prescribed for its mor-  
 -logical name, and hence it has often  
 terminated fatally, ~~after~~ or remained in  
 the system till accident, or a change of  
 the predisposition <sup>has</sup> cured it. By accommo-  
 -ding our Remedies to the state of the system  
 as manifested by the pulse, it may be  
 made to yield to the power of medicine  
 nearly as easily as any of the common  
 forms of fever.

In an excited state of the pulse, the  
 Remedies should be  
 1. Bleeding. I have used this remedy with  
 Advantage in this disease. ~~also~~ Its V  
 2. Purges, and 3. low diet. These depleting  
 remedies should be continued until the  
 pulse is reduced, after which the remedies



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should be of a stimulating & tonic nature.  
 These should be 1 Bark. Dr. Fothergill  
 confines the use of this medicine to that  
 state of the disease only in which no  
 pain is felt in the bones.

2 The Sal Soda.

3 Common Salt. a teaspoonful of it  
 should be given three times a day. It  
 is said the Sal Catharticus humerus  
 or the Sulphate of Magnesia is equally ef-  
 -fectual in this disease with the Common  
 Salt.

4 Salt Water. This has been much com-  
 -mended in Scrophula, but Dr. Hamilton  
 says it has no Advantage over com-  
 -mon salt or the Sulphate of Magnesia.



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5 Calomel with, or without Opium according to the state of the pulse, or the degree of pain. 6 The emulsion of Lime.

7 The Cold Bath. Salt water is generally preferred for this purpose, but Dr Hamilton says it has no Advantage over fresh water.

8. Cordial Diet and Drinks.

9 Bandages around the parts where external heat are applied with the Dis-ease.

10 Exercise, and 11 A Change of Climate. In no disease is this remedy more effectual than in the one under Consideration. Dr Pinkard tells us it even cures the Elephantiasis of Barbadoes.

There are several Quack medicines



✓ following Application useful in Dis-  
-cussing them viz powder of Oak Bark  
℥i Camphr ℥i mixed with any liquid  
into a poultice - Cold water - a compos-  
-ition of Tart: Sweet ℥i Lard ℥i mixed  
together, Electricity and galvanism have  
all been employed for the same purpose.

# Dr Armstrong recommends Application  
of poultices to them made of flintseed  
meal or crumbs of bread & <sup>sea</sup> salt water.  
℥ij of common salt dissolved in ℥i of  
soft water are a good substitute for  
sea water. Dr Lullen who mentions



which have been been employed in this  
 disease. These are burnt sponge, madrapora,  
 Coral & Coralline. They are <sup>all</sup> of no efficacy, ex-  
 -cept <sup>probably</sup> the first, and that ~~may~~ if useful,  
 owes its virtues wholly to the Sal Soda which  
 is found in its ashes. ~~This~~ They may all  
 be considered as the worts of this disease.

Schraprotonus tumors should always  
 be left to open themselves, except where  
 they lie near a large blood vessel, or upon  
 a bone. Dr Darwin says the found the V  
 Schraprotonus fons should always be  
 treated according to their appearances, and  
 the state of the pulse. ~~They are distinguished from~~

~~common spots~~ It has lately been discovered that the  
 Goitre to cross man in the western parts  
 of the middle States <sup>of America</sup> ~~is a~~ <sup>like</sup> ~~is a~~ <sup>is a</sup> form of ~~scrophula~~ <sup>scrophula</sup>.  
~~Scrophula~~ ~~The reasons for this opinion~~



Several of the remedies that I have  
recommended in this disease, as known.  
- holds that he has seldom cured it,  
and ~~that~~ supposes that the effects  
which have been ascribed to the remedies,  
arose from the disease going off of  
itself which it usually does in 4  
or 5 years. The ~~idea~~ Dr. want of  
Simpson I believe arose from <sup>his</sup> ~~its~~ prescribing  
only for the name of the disease, in  
which case I do not wonder that some  
of his remedies were <sup>useless and</sup> even hurtful.  
By <sup>admitting the disease to the</sup> conforming to the <sup>fruits of fever and</sup> varying states  
of the system in the use of the remedies  
which the Dr. has condemned or said  
to be useless, I have seldom failed of  
curing the disease.



The following facts belong to this disease. 16

1 It prevails in places where sore eyes  
sometimes prevail, ~~and this disease too~~  
~~knows is sometimes the effect of a miliary~~  
~~fever.~~

2 It is increased by moisture & least felt in  
dry summers & autumns. ~~The same thing~~  
~~is true of certain fevers.~~

3 It affects persons of all countries, and  
even the Indians of our country.

4 It affects children in utero, & is seldom  
seen in persons beyond 25 years of age.

~~It~~ It affects the fetus, without ap-  
pearing in the mother, but is generally  
appears in the mother within a year  
after being delivered of a child that is affected  
with it.

5 It affects men less than women in  
the ratio of 1 to 3.

6 It is increased by pregnancy.



V mentioned formerly of the glandular  
disease of Barbados being a form of  
fever renders this opinion highly  
probable. —



7 It is accompanied by ~~universal~~ <sup>universal pain</sup> ~~usual~~  
just before a change of weather.

8 It affects pigeons, dogs, sheep, hogs  
and horses. In the last the Urine is tin-  
-ged of a yellow color.

9 It goes off in a year after leaving the  
atmosphere in which it was acquired.

From the above facts, <sup>Dr Barton</sup> ~~and from the~~

~~fact of the glandular disease of Barbadoes~~  
has supposed it to be a  
~~being a form of fever, it appears highly~~

~~probable that it is like the glandular disease~~

<sup>misplaced</sup>  
~~of Barbadoes~~ <sup>in</sup> form of fever affected the  
glands of the throat and derived from  
rhino-mucous exhalations. The facts<sup>v</sup>

As yet no cure has been discovered  
for it. ~~Perhaps~~ Bark, Calomel &c



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Common salt have all been employed in  
 it to no purpose. Perhaps they were ineffec-  
 -tual because, they were not preceded by  
 local depletion. A sea voyage has once  
 cured it, perhaps only by removing the  
 diseased person out of the infected atmos-  
 -phere.



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h,



of the Scorbatic State of fever.

I have classed Scurvy with the misplac'd  
fevers **I**. Because it is produced by all the  
remote predisposing, and exciting causes  
of fever. These are <sup>debilitating</sup> ~~Direct & indirect~~ <sup>Directly, or indirectly</sup>  
the former are 1 Cold and Moisture. It is induced in Holland  
chiefly by these causes. They are both en-  
dured more hurtful by their scanty fires.  
Such is the Avarice of the inhabitants of  
that country in the use of fuel, that  
they sit with their great coats on in their  
houses in cold & damp weather over a few  
coals of fire, and even put out their fires  
in their kitchens ~~after cooking~~ in the  
intervals of cooking their Victuals.

It requires a degree of Cold below  
66° to produce the Scurvy. It disappears



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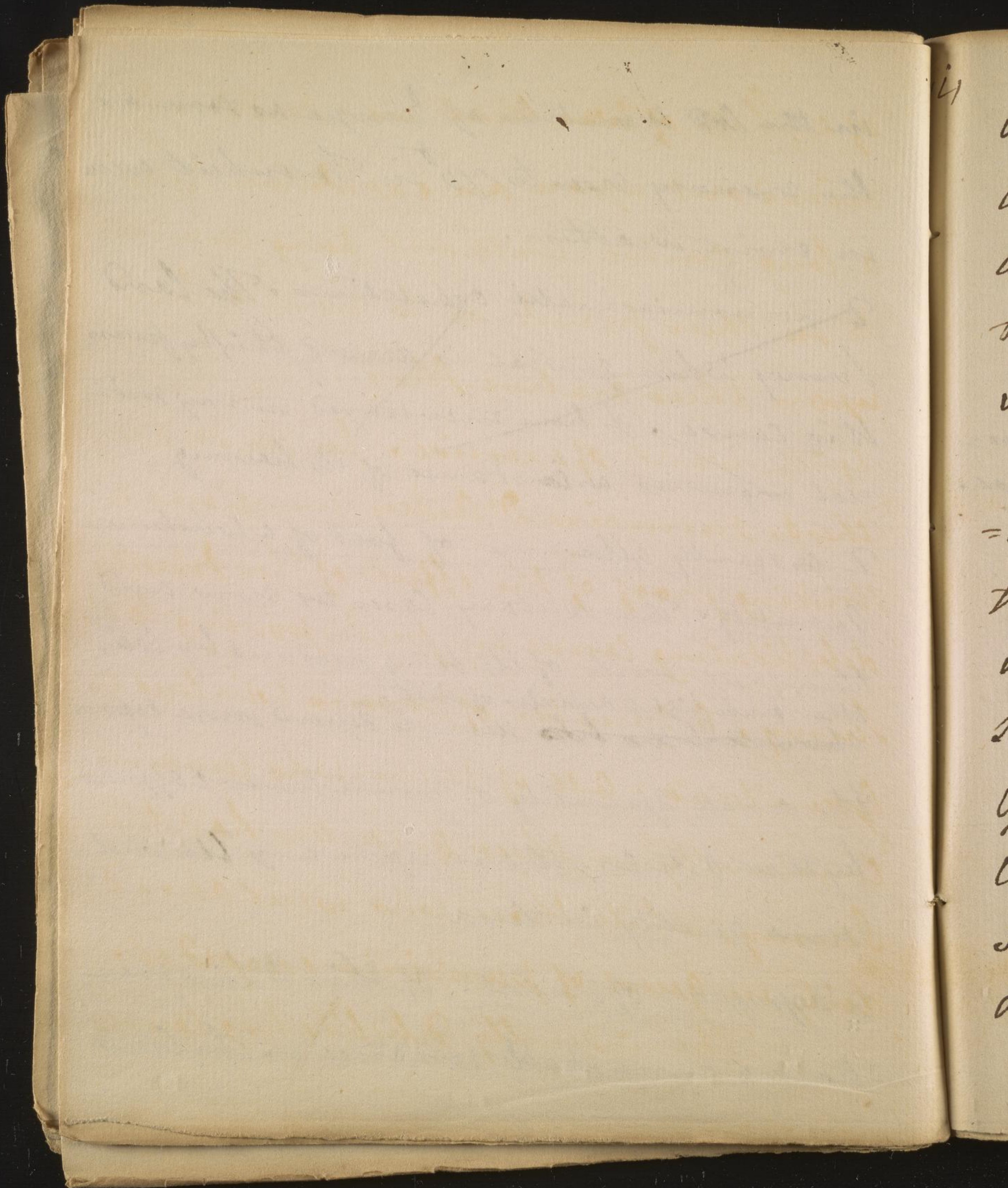
in the cold countries of Europe as soon as  
the mercury rises to 40° in Fahrenheit even  
in moist weather.

~~2 Icthinomyxomatia exhalations. The land  
scurvy when general is derived chiefly from  
this cause. I have mentioned in my medi-  
cal inquiries an instance of its having~~

2 a scanty allowance of food of a wholesome  
quantity. The solitary cases we now and  
then meet with of its being produced by tea,  
other such light articles of diet,  
~~characteristic of the life~~ seem to depend more upon  
the small quantity of nourishment afforded  
by those articles, than upon any unwhol-  
some quality in them.

3 Depression of mind. Of this I find men-  
tions a remarkable instance in the crew







of a ship of war that was suddenly ordered out upon an expedition after a long cruise without being permitted to see their friends, or to even to land upon their native shore.

4 The want of exercise. In the Manchester Memoirs Dr Aiken mentions a striking proof of the effects of this directly debilitating cause in predisposing to the Scurvy. A number of persons wintered in Greenland. All of them who remained constantly in their quarters had the Scurvy, while those who went abroad daily in quest of provisions, escaped it.

2 The indirectly debilitating causes



V at the same time with the Autum-  
-nal fever, and from the same cause.



of Scurvy ~~are~~ are

Keino-

5. Miasmatic exhalations. The land

Scurvy when general is derived chiefly from this cause. I have mentioned in my medical inquiries an instance of its having produced by the exhalations from the sides of a new ship ~~unmen-~~  
-ded by Capt. Bell on his Voyage from this City to the East Indies. Cases

of it occurred with the Keino-  
-matic fever which prevailed with so much mortality in the American

Army at New Orleans in the year

1809. Dr. Aikett takes notice of its appearing

in Miasmatic exhalations. It occurs

in Camps and Ships in which a



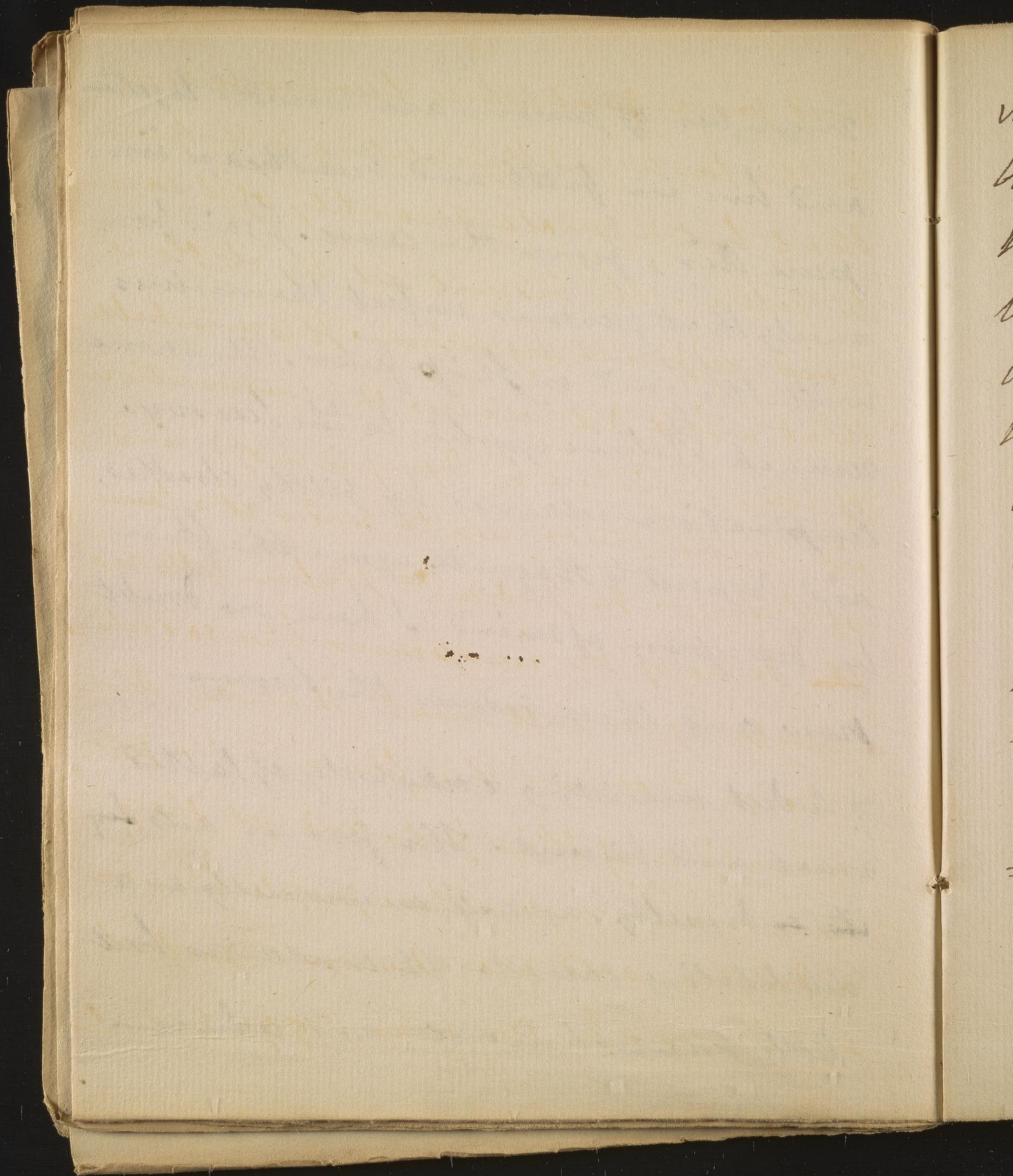




2, number of persons are crowded together,  
 and live in filth, and breathe an im-  
 -pure Air, from this cause. I said for-  
 -merly that persons infect themselves  
 with the joint or ship fever. The same  
 remark I believe applies to the Scurvy.  
 Respiration retained by filthy clothes,  
 and disposed to stagnate upon the skin,  
 by depression of mind, I have no doubt  
 now and then induces the Scurvy.

A diet consisting exclusively of salted  
 meat and biscuit. The former acts by  
 its ~~a~~ directly, as well as indirectly as a  
 debilitating cause. It contains but  
 little nourishment, and when







used for a great while becomes so acid  
 to the taste and stimulating to the gums  
 that but a small quantity of it can  
 be eaten. The biscuit acts by its slow  
 and difficult digestion. It is remarkable  
 that a salt diet requires the cooperation  
 of cold, moisture or depression of mind  
 in some instances to render it a cause  
 of Scurvy. In India Dr Hukue tells us  
 that some of the Europeans live so exclu-  
 sively upon salt meat, that they dis-  
 charge salt into their shoes in the per-  
 spirations of their feet, and yet they  
 have no Scurvy. These people live in  
 a dry air, and are always cheerful  
 and happy. In the year 1759 a British



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4, Army was shut up and besieged by <sup>a</sup> French Army within the City of Quebec. During the winter. They lived wholly upon salted provisions, and were generally affected with the scurvy. These cold, and depression of mind cooperated in producing the disease.

& a diet whether vegetable or animal abounding with nourishment disproportionate to the digestive and assimilating powers of the system. These have been Sugar - milk - chocolate, - the Bread of this country, - bad bread, and half baked bread made of good flour, - biscuit and lastly fresh meat ~~is~~ eaten without <sup>and an unusual quantity of fat aliment.</sup> bread, ~~in~~ Instances of scurvy being induced



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by each of these causes are to be met with  
in the words of medicine. The same thing  
may be said of fresh meat that was  
said of salt meat. It was the cause of  
the Scurvy in a Garrison in which  
there was dyspepsia of mind from their  
being besieged by a body of ~~Indians~~ Indians  
in the last French War in America.

When the flesh of the Buffaloes when eaten  
for years without bread has never been  
known to bring on the Scurvy in the  
members of the Northwest from Company  
~~sett~~ who trade and live with the Indians,  
and for the reason given why the ~~persons~~ <sup>Indians</sup>  
Europeans in India who live upon salt  
meat, that is they breathe a pure air &  
are always cheerful and happy.



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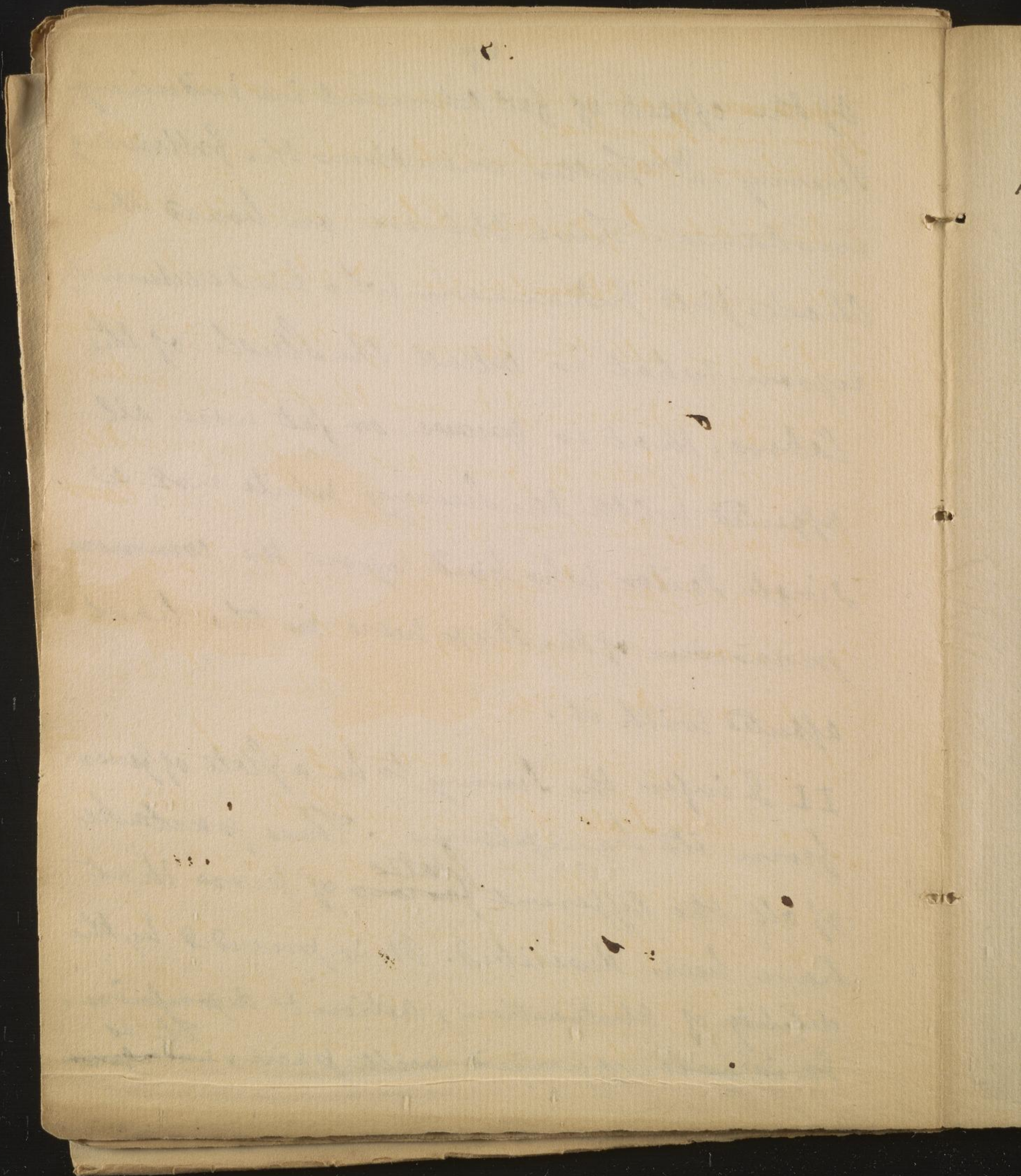


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Of the effects of fat Aliment in inducing Scurvy, Dr Ferriar mentions the following instance. Five Chinese on board the Chesterfield Indianman who lived exclusively upon what is called the Slush of the Cabros, that is grease, or fat were all affected with the Scurvy while not a single Sailor who lived upon the common provisions of the ship were in the least affected with it.

II I infer the Scurvy to be a state of fever from its symptoms. These partake of all the different <sup>states</sup> ~~forms~~ of fever that have been described. It is preceded by the debility of Abstraction, Action & depression. It is accompanied with pain, <sup>It is</sup> ~~and~~ ~~with~~







~~apoplectic~~ encephalant, gangrenous, petechial  
 synchus, syncha,  
 typhus, hemorrhoidal, pulmonary, in-  
 testinal, hydropic, Rheumatic, apoplectic,  
 convulsive. Otoralgia, Otalgia, Intermitt-  
 ing, in all the forms of quotidian, tertian  
 and quotidian. I know that these inter-  
 -mittent states of fever are said to precede  
 and follow the Scurvy, but they are its ~~last~~  
 first and last stages, that is, the disease  
 comes on, and goes off in those forms. The  
 pulse accords with all the above states of  
 fever. By thus measuring the Scurvy by  
 upon the Scale of fever we shall be able to  
 account for all its symptoms, such as  
 hemorrhages, dyspnea, gonorrhoea, the  
 extinction of life from rising out of bed,  
 or from the noise occasioned by the



